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Pre-Testing Muhammadiyah Covid-19 Guidelines in Jakarta Province

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Abstract

Muhammadiyah, as one of the religious-based mass organizations have 14.9% members from the population affiliated. The Central Board declared an ad hoc group to combat Covid-19 and named Muhammadiyah Covid-19 Command Centre (MCCC). One of the media published by MCCC is the third Covid-19 guidelines. This study aims to determine the understanding of Muhammadiyah members of a based on consistency, clarity, relevance, credibility, and interest. This type of research is descriptive qualitative. The number of informants were eleven from Muhammadiyah members who live and work in Jakarta province which are determined by purposive sampling. Informants consist of various professions, including health workers, teachers, district board, nurse, drivers, trader, housewife, and students. Data collection techniques are carried out by means of focus group discussions through the zoom application. Informants discussed the five aspects of the guideline, consist of consistency, clarity, relevance, credibility and interest. In general, they found the content of guideline is consistent with others published by the Ministry of Health (MOH), but as a member of Muhammadiyah, they feel more comfortable to trust this guideline related to the group which they affiliated. From the clarity and relevance, the informants have a positive perspective. The design of it also bring them interest to read, implement and share to others. However, unfortunately this guide does not contain the names of the writing team and the introduction from the Central Board. In fact, this is very important to strengthen the credibility of the media produced by the MCCC for delivering strategies. Unfortunately, this guide does not contain the names of the writing team and the introduction of the central leadership. MCCC needs to plan about a means to disseminate the media it produces, whether in print or online. For distribution through online media, it is necessary to fix the number of pages not too much.

Keyword: pre-testing, covid-19 guidelines, Muhammadiyah Covid-19 Command Centre

INTRODUCTION

The Covid-19 outbreak has been a global concern since the World Health Organization was published as a global pandemic in March 2020. There were 67,780,361 confirmed cases with 1,551,214 deaths in 220 countries. It was confirmed in Southeast Asia as many as 11,195,661 people (WHO, 2020). Indonesia is the country with the highest confirmed cases in Southeast Asia, with 529,900 people, 18,171 people died, and 487,445 people recovered (DKI Provincial Government, 2020).

As an institution that has a mandate in responding to global health problems, the WHO has published some health protocols and guidelines. Every country should then develop as they need in their country. Every country should then develop as they need in their country. Saputra et al. (2020) conducted an evaluation of the guidelines for Quick Medical and Public Health handling of Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19). He found that the general public felt these guidelines were not suitable for them because they were difficult to understand and less attractive. Health workers' understanding of guidelines for rapid medical and public health handling of COVID-19 in Indonesia is quite good but difficult for the general public to understand. In terms of attractiveness,