

The Role of Karang Taruna in Overcoming Adolescent Behavioral Deviations in Globalization Era

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Abstract

Deviations in adolescent behavior disrupt the upholding of social systems, cultural values, norms, rules and customs existing in society. The aims of the studies is to analyze the role of Karang Taruna in overcoming adolescent behavioral deviations in Somogede Village. The focus of the study covered the forms and causes of adolescent behavioral deviations and ways of adolescent coaching conducted by Karang Taruna of Somogede Village. The research approach used qualitative-phenomenology. The data collection was carried out by interviewing informants of teenagers, Karang Taruna coaches, village officials, parents and community leaders, Observation of the socio-cultural environment and document studies. The results showed that forms of adolescent behavioral deviations who violated social values and norms such as smoking, drinking and drug consuming, watching pornographic content, unhealthy dating, cursing and not respecting older people, while delinquency that was breaking the law such as the use of underage vehicles. The causes of adolescent deviations were from peer relationships, imperfect socialization, deviant subculture, poor parental, parental supervision and technological development and modernization. The role of Karang Taruna was played by giving youth coaching activities aimed at becoming good community members. The research conclusion explain that deviation violates the social values and law. The role of Karang Taruna is giving guidance and training in sport and social fields. The new finding behind globalization's adolescent deviation is the use of technology among peers. The objectives of this study can be used as social controller through handling deviant behavior of teenager.

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INTRODUCTION

Adolescent is defined as a transition from children to maturity physically, psychologically and socially. Rochaningsih (2014) adolescents are the most influential generation in changing the state of their nation to be better. Adolescent is the period where self concept is developed in a more mature direction. Saputri (2016) self-concept is influenced by experience and social environment in which individuals settle, including culture and religion adopted by the family. Adolescent's ability to choose good and bad things determines the development of adulthood.

Adolescent development tends to be influenced by the environment, from family, school, friends and the community. Values captured by adolescents in the environment affect individual behavior in society. Good values make adolescent develop more mature, but bad values lead to behavioral deviations. Sapuan (2018) adolescent internal and external factors can trigger behavioral deviation. Aroma (2012) adolescent self-control affects the level of deviation committed by adolescents in the community.

Behavioral deviations occur due to mismatch between expectations and realities in social interactions. Risnaedi (2018) the cause of deviations is imperfect socialization from socialization agents. Social interaction that does not exist well in groups, indicates that the interaction with the community is also poor. Wuryati (2012), Marlin (2016) and Nurdiana (2017) explain the form of adolescent deviations that occur due to families who are not harmonious.

Adolescents are considered deviant if the behavior shown in society is not in accordance with the socio-cultural values, norms, rules, and customs in the family and society and it violates legal norms. This indicator is used to control behavioral deviations that occur in Somogede Village, Wadaslintang Subdistrict, Wonosobo Regency. The adolescent behavioral deviations in Somogede Village are related to the way

adolescents speak, interact, and behave in the family, peers and community.

Adolescents who grow up in the village area ideally have good manners in their interactions in the community. They are able to put themselves in speaking, acting and behaving in accordance with values, norms and customs. The values taught in the family emphasize the inculcation of religious values as a basis for behavior. The values taught in the community emphasize the socio-cultural values and customs as guidelines for interaction in the community.

In the reality that occurs in the community, not all of the adolescents who live in the Somogede Village act and behave well in accordance with values, norms and customs. Acceptance of wrong socio-cultural interactions triggers cultural deviations such as speaking harsh words, not respecting their parents. Other deviations that occur such as smoking, driving underage vehicles, drinking, unhealthy dating, and watching pornographic content. Deviations are committed by underage adolescents who still need supervision from parents.

The control of deviations is done by involving the role of Karang Taruna as a youth organization in fostering adolescent behavioral deviations. Coaching is done through positive activities in the process of inheriting socio-cultural values. Ilmi (2017) Karang Taruna as a forum for adolescent coaching must conduct coaching that is focused on directing mindset in a more advanced direction. The aims of the studies is to analyze the role of Karang Taruna in overcoming adolescent behavioral deviations in Somogede Village. The objectives of this study can be used as social controller through handling deviant behavior of teenager.

METHODS

The study used qualitative method with phenomenological approach. The purpose of using a qualitative phenomenological approach was to obtain data in accordance with what was in the field and try to collect the social phenomena that occur in Somogede village. The research was used to interpret experiences

through interactions with others and the closest environment, and prove that the social environment formed behavioral deviations.

The focus of the study was to analyze the forms of adolescent behavioral deviations in Somogede Village, Wadaslintang Subdistrict, Wonosobo Regency, either those who violated norms, rules and values that developed in society or delinquency that violated the law. To analyze the causes of adolescent behavioral deviations, both the causes of old and new deviations. To analyze the role of Karang Taruna in controlling the adolescent behavioral deviations through coaching activities.

The data collection technique was carried out by in-depth interview, observation and document studies. Interviews were conducted with 16 informants.

Tabel 1. Research Informants

Informants	Total
Juvenile offenders	10
Somogede village officials	2
Teenage's parents	2
Karang Taruna cadre	1
Community leader	1

Observation was carried out by observing the environment of Somogede Village, including the activities of the community, both adults and adolescent activities. Document studies were used to investigate written data such as population data archives, village data on members of Somogede Village community, and photographs of community activities in their environment.

The data validity test was carried out by using source triangulation, technique triangulation, theory triangulation, adequacy of references and perseverance of observation. Analysis of research data was carried out by the following steps: (1) processing data forms and causes of juvenile deviations and the role of Karang Taruna, (2) reading the entire data, (3) separating core and supporting research data, (4) applying data sequence research, (5) presenting the descriptions of research data, (6) interpreting data in qualitative research.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The Forms of Adolescent Behavioral Deviations in Somogede Village

Adolescent behavioral deviations that violated the values, norms and rules of society occurred in Somogede Village were done by both individuals and groups.

Table 2. The Forms of Adolescent Behavioral Deviations in Somogede Village

The forms of adolescent behavioural deviations
Smoking
Drinking and drug consuming
Watching pornographic contents and misusing social media
Unhealthy dating
Underage vehicle driving
Soeaking harsh words
Disrespecting older people

The behavior of adolescents who did underage smoking was included in behavioral deviation because it was seen from the customs believed by villagers that smoking was not a natural thing done by underage adolescents. The behavior of adolescents who smoke was performed as a proof in showing friendship solidarity. The deviation occurred because adolescents misapplied the values of solidarity and it led to negative actions. The smoking habit of parents was imitated by underage adolescents who when they were socializing with their peers.

Adolescents easily got alcoholic beverages from village stalls. The types of alcoholic beverages often consumed by adolescents were a mixture of various types of alcohol or often called oplosan (mixed liquor). Other types of liquor often purchased such as red wine, ciu (traditional wine), or alcoholic beverages derived from juice (arak). Adolescent drinking behavior was harm to society because it disturbed the order in their environment. The misuse of drugs commonly done by adolescents such as headache medications, dextro pills and cough medicines consumed in excessive amounts.

The development of science and technology provides a significant changes to the culture in society. Internet access and the use of social media in adolescents are lacking

supervision from families and communities, so they are often used for negative activities. Adolescents who were studied admitted that they often watched pornographic content because of the easy access to find these contents. The habit of adolescents was sharing pornographic contents among peers.

Adolescent dating behavior violated religious and socio-cultural values and norms of society. Couples of underage adolescents made physical contact secretly so parents and adults did not know about it. Dating behavior also caused adolescents to often go home over the agreed hours. This problem caused young women to experience pregnancy before marriage.

Adolescent behavioral deviations in terms of speaking also occurred when they used language that was impolite to say. The terms spoken by them were words of bully, swear, ridicule and blasphemy that were not properly spoken by adolescents. They thought that the words were something natural in social language. They often used abusive language when they were talking to older people. Adolescents' behavior that spoke harshly became a bad habit and it was not in accordance with the customs of society.

The influence of relationship with peers, association at school and in the community made socio-cultural values, especially attitudes of respect for older people begin to fade. The cultures that developed in rural communities such as smile and greeting (3S) were rarely done by them. They only applied this culture to their teachers in schools, where as it should also be applied to older people in the village community environment.

Parents are basically aware of the dangers of driving a vehicle carried by underage adolescents. Driving a motorized vehicle without complete documents violates the law. Granting permission from parents was abused by adolescents to do illegal racing activities on village roads. Reasons behind the use of vehicles for underage children include: (1) the distance of the village was too far from secondary educational facilities, (2) parents were busy at work so that they could not take their children to

school, (3) the needs of parents who could not drive to do social mobility, (4) legal supervision from the police was still weak.

The Causes of Adolescent Behavioral Deviations in Somagede Village

The old causes of behavioral deviations were from a culture that developed in the family and community. The new causes came from the changes taken place in rural society towards modernization that went hand in hand with the development of science and technology. The new causes were dominated by the influence of peers who became the social environment of adolescents when they were outside of their house.

Table 3. The Causes of Adolescent Behavioral Deviations in Somagede Village

The causes of adolescent behavioral deviations
Imperfect Socialization
Violation of Sub-culture
Bad examples form the parents
The lack of parents' supervision
The development of science and technology and modernization

Imperfect socialization existed in the community's lives, can be seen from the lack of collaboration of socialization agents. Unbalanced social systems in society occurred because of the failure to instill social and cultural values in globalization era. The family as the closest socialization agent to adolescents has not yet function optimally in providing the basics of religious and social knowledge in interacting with the community.

Adolescents were less able to adjust and accept differences in values taught in families and schools with real conditions in the environment of peers. The more dominant adolescent behavioral deviation came from the unfavorable peer environment. They became smokers, alcohol consumers, pornography watchers, dating underage, and driving underage vehicles to get recognition from peers. Other deviations such as speaking harshly and disrespecting older people as a result of the environment of adolescent deviation.

The process of learning behavior in society started from curiosity, developed by the process

of observing and then imitating what parents did without filtering good and bad behavior. Adolescent behavior came from the bad example of parents. Religious education, moral behavior that should also be obtained in the family environment was often not run optimally because parents were reluctant to give examples of good behavior.

The bad examples from parents shown by the behavior of parents who smoked and drank in front of their children. Parents scolded their children in front of others by using harsh words. Parents watched television and adult shows in front of children. The parents behavior was then copied by adolescents because it was considered normal to do. Parents gave less understanding to their children about behavior that could and could not be imitated.

Parents spent time working to meet the economic needs of the family. Less time was spent on supervising their children's daily lives and tended to give up supervision responsibilities to school. Parents who worked as laborers in urban areas could not supervise adolescents and handed over the responsibilities of supervision to the family at home. Parental supervision of adolescent daily activities was not carried out because they assumed adolescents could interact without any assistance.

The new causes of adolescent behavioral deviations stems from technological and modernizing development. The developments that occurred in the era of globalization made

adolescents could not be separated from the use of social media. Provision of internet services via wifi available in stalls has made patterns of teenage association spent at the place. The intensity of gathering at a hangout to play and browse the internet and social media made adolescents experience changes in relationships.

The desire of adolescents to imitate the behaviors and lifestyles of urban and foreign communities made them experience modernization in terms of thinking, acting and behaving which often led to behavioral deviations. Teenagers began to follow the way of their idols dressed, speaking in contemporary languages and imitating the behavior of others seen through the internet.

The Role of Karang Taruna in Controlling Adolescent Behavioral Deviations

Youth coaching conducted by Karang Taruna aimed to equip social and cultural skills for adolescents in interacting in the community. The coaching was focused on the fields of sports, arts and culture, and public relations. The development activities carried out by Karang Taruna received support from the village government. The form of cooperation between social institutions could be seen with the creation of sports facilities and cultural arts facilities. Coaching activities carried out to overcome adolescent behavioral deviations by directing adolescents to positive activities.

Table 4. The Coaching Activities of Karang Taruna for Adolescents of Somogede Village

The Activities held by Karang Taruna	Schedule
Volleyball training	Monday and Wednesday
Football training	Sunday
Gamelan training	Saturday
Traditional dance training (female)	Saturday and Sunday
Kuda kepang training	Tuesday and Friday
Youth discussion	Thursday
Sport tournament	August
Technology and media training	Conditional
The commemoration of national and religious holidays	Conditional
Socialization of the danger od alcohol and drugs	November
Youth religious activity	conditional

Analysis of Research Results Using Differential Association Theory

Deviations in adolescent behavior that occur in Somogede Village were the result of

absorbing the value of adolescents' learning process from the family, peers and the community. The learning proses of adolescents is the result of different social interactions in the

Somogede Village environment. Behavior deviation occurs in the closest group to adolescents, namely peers. Behavioral deviations occur because of the application of values and norms that are less strict than parents.

Deviations of adolescent behavior in the Somogede Village are considered beneficial for adolescents because they can be recognized in peer relationships. Adolescent boys and girls do deviations according to the intensity of interaction carried out in the environment. Deviant behavior of adolescents in the Somogede Village indicates that the cooperation of socialization agents in applying socio-cultural values is not going well. These results are supported by Djanggih (2018) other behaviors in humans is something that can be learned.

The result of research on adolescent behavior deviations that occur in the Somogede Village are supported by Susanti (2015), Pratama (2013), Chen and Huang (2016), Komasari (2000) the forms of adolescent behavioral deviations often performed are robbery, drinking and illegal drug consuming. Hardati (2018) parental supervision is needed for adolescents, supporting the results of reseach deviations occur in peer relationships due to lack of attention and supervision from parents.

Adolescents who are affected by alcoholic beverages unconsciously disturb the peace of Somogede Village society. The values contained in rural communities began to fade because the behavior of adolescents both in the village and urban areas do not pay attention to the norm values in society. The results are supported by Damayanti (2014) and Sayette, Cresswell and Dimoff (2012) alcohol can affect emotions and social relations in society. The results of the study also supported by Sunarjan (2018) social system and ecosystem had adaptive capacity. Deviations also disrupt the order of values inherited by the family and Somogede Village community.

Adolescent behavioral deviations that occurred in Somogede Village not only caused by lack of parental supervision, but also influenced by technological developments and modernization that entered the village area. The use of technology by adolescents was carried out

when they were in a peer environment. The growth of stalls that provided wifi and the development of communication technology to support adolescent deviations became more diverse.

The difference with the results of previous studies is seen in the causes of adolescent behavioral deviations. The association of adolescents in their peers who often accessed the internet and social media made adolescents in the village lose their identity. The shifting of adolescents' way of thinking in looking at life and the future made them behave badly. Lifestyle seen through social media had an impact on the style of dating of adolescents who crossed the boundaries of religious, social and cultural values, and norms.

Adolescent association among peers was also a major cause of adolescent behavioral deviations such as smoking, drinking and watching pornographic content. Weak enforcement of driving rules made teenagers free to use vehicles. Freedom of speech was abused by adolescents to use language that was impolite to older people.

Collaboration between families, media, and the environment is assisted by Karang Taruna are needed to overcome adolescent behavioral deviations. Imperfect socialization and social interaction that is not intertwined in groups with the potential failure of value acceptance in adolescents. The results of the study supported by Risnaedi (2018) and Guo and Christi (2018) parents have an influence on the inculcation of the value of religiosity in children.

Karang Taruna as a youth social institution that has the task of coaching adolescents, must be able to adapt the program to the needs in the community. Coaching is done to help parents in directing adolescents to become individuals who have good character. Setiawan (2016) need for a systemic approach in overcoming adolescent behavioral deviations.

The steps that can be taken by Karang Taruna Somogede Village to control behavioral deviations is to improve adolescent human resources. Efforts are carried out with the provision of religious knowledge, social skills and

understanding of culture through activities made by Karang Taruna.

CONCLUSION

The forms of adolescent behavioral deviations in Somogede Village that violated values, norms, rules and customs. The cause of adolescent behavioral deviations came from the association with peers who were not good, imperfect socialization, poor parental supervision and the development of science and technology and modernization. The role of Karang Taruna in controlling adolescent behavioral deviations was carried out by coaching youths through mentoring activities in the fields of sports, arts and culture and community relations. Youth development through Karang Taruna program was conducted to direct youth to become better individuals and have the ability to adapt to the community environment.

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